

# Oklahoma



## Racial Representation

Of Oklahoma's voting population of 1,215,413, 7.4% are black and 5.2% are Latino. There are currently no blacks or Latinos representing Oklahoma. Under the proposed super districting plan, racial minority voters supporting a candidate with crossover appeal could elect a candidate of choice in coalition with white voters.

## Political Analysis

In the 2000 Presidential election, George W. Bush won Oklahoma with 60% of the vote over Al Gore's 38%. The state's Democratic partisanship is 40.1%. Despite making up two-fifths of the voting population, Democrats cannot elect a candidate of choice in any of the five districts and are only competitive in one. Under the proposed super districting plan, voters would likely elect three Republicans and two Democrats.

**This proposal is based on the current congressional districts of Oklahoma. Because Oklahoma has only five congressional districts, all were combined into one super district.**

### SUPER DISTRICT A - FIVE SEATS

State	CD	2000 Presidential Vote						Total	2000 Presidential Vote	
		Bush	(%)	Gore	(%)	Other	(%)		% Black	% Latino
Oklahoma	1	165759	(61.7%)	99283	(37.0%)	3566	(1.3%)	268608	9.4%	5.3%
Oklahoma	2	123952	(52.0%)	110791	(46.5%)	3438	(1.4%)	238181	4.0%	2.4%
Oklahoma	3	163302	(65.1%)	84691	(33.8%)	2805	(1.1%)	250798	3.8%	5.2%
Oklahoma	4	144568	(60.7%)	91078	(38.2%)	2497	(1.0%)	238143	6.6%	4.8%
Oklahoma	5	135761	(61.8%)	82584	(37.6%)	1338	(0.6%)	219683	13.6%	8.3%
<b>Total</b>		<b>733342</b>	<b>(60.3%)</b>	<b>468427</b>	<b>(38.5%)</b>	<b>13644</b>	<b>(1.1%)</b>	<b>1215413</b>	<b>7.4%</b>	<b>5.2%</b>

**Winning Percentage:**

16.7%

**Voting Rights**

**Analysis:**

Racial minority voters supporting a candidate with crossover appeal could elect a candidate of choice in coalition with white voters.

**District Partisanship:**

40.1% This super district would likely elect three Republicans and two Democrats.